## Sample EXAM 1

Math 2924

Problem 1. (15 points) Find the derivatives of:
(a) $f(x)=e^{1 / x}$
(b) $g(x)=e^{3 x} / x^{3}$
(c) $h(x)=x^{\ln (x)}$

Problem 2. (10 points) Explain briefly why $f(x)=x^{5}$ has an inverse function but $g(x)=x^{4}$ does not.

Problem 3. (15 points) (a) Suppose $f(x)=5(x-1)^{2}-7$ where $x \geq 1$. Find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$. (b) Suppose $g(x)=5(x-1)^{2}-7$ where $x \leq 1$. Find a formula for $g^{-1}(x)$.

Problem 4. (15 points) Let $f(t)=C e^{k t}$ where $C$ and $k$ are constants. If $f^{\prime}(0)=1$ and $f^{\prime}(2)=100$ then what are the values of $f(0)$ and $f(1)$ ? (Be sure to simplify to the extent possible.)

Problem 5. (25 points) Consider the function $f(x)=x(\ln (x))^{2}$.
a) Determine the domain of $f$ and find its first two derivatives.
b) Determine the intervals of increase/decrease for $f$.
c) Determine the intervals of concavity for $f$.
d) Use the information from (a), (b) and (c) to sketch the graph of $y=f(x)$. (It may be helpful to know that $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0+} f(x)=0$.)

Problem 6. (20 points) Compute the following integrals clearly showing any substitution used:
(a) $\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2}} d x$
(b) $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{1+x^{2}} d x$
(c) $\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\ln (x)}} d x$
(d) $\int_{1}^{e} \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\ln (x)}} d x$
(e) $\int \frac{\sin ^{-1}(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}} d x$
(f) $\int_{1 / 2}^{\sqrt{3} / 2} \frac{\sin ^{-1}(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}} d x$

