
Final Exam
Algebraic Topology
May 10, 2007

You may apply theorems from the course, but please give the name or statement of the theorem.

1. Consider the long exact sequence of homotopy groups

$$\cdots \rightarrow \pi_n(A, B, x_0) \xrightarrow{i_*} \pi_n(X, B, x_0) \xrightarrow{j_*} \pi_n(X, A, x_0) \xrightarrow{\partial} \pi_{n-1}(A, B, x_0) \rightarrow \cdots$$

for a triple (X, A, B) . Show that the sequence is exact at the $\pi_n(X, B, x_0)$ term.

2. (a) State the Lefschetz fixed point theorem, and define the Lefschetz number $\tau(f)$ of a map $f: X \rightarrow X$, where X is a (retract of a) finite simplicial complex. (Note that this includes compact CW complexes.)

(b) Give the homology groups and cohomology groups of $\mathbb{C}P^n$ in \mathbb{Z} -coefficients, and also describe the cup product structure (no proof needed).

(c) If $f^*: H^i(\mathbb{C}P^n) \rightarrow H^i(\mathbb{C}P^n)$ is multiplication by d , what is the map $f_*: H_i(\mathbb{C}P^n) \rightarrow H_i(\mathbb{C}P^n)$? Explain why, using the universal coefficient theorem.

(d) Prove that every map $f: \mathbb{C}P^{2k} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^{2k}$ has a fixed point. [Hint: use the cup product.]

3. Prove the *extension lemma*: Let (X, A) be a finite-dimensional CW pair and Y a path connected space such that $\pi_{n-1}(Y) = 0$ for all n for which $X - A$ has an n -cell. Then every map $f: A \rightarrow Y$ can be extended to a map $X \rightarrow Y$. [Hint: define the extension cell-by-cell, in increasing dimensions.]

4. Let (X, A) be a CW pair with A contractible. Use the extension lemma to show that A is a retract of X .

5. Let $K \subset S^3$ be a *knot*, i.e. an embedded circle. Let N be a closed ε -neighborhood of K which is homeomorphic to the solid torus $D^2 \times S^1$. Let $X = S^3 - \text{int}(N)$. Note that N and X are both compact 3-manifolds with boundary, with common boundary $X \cap N$, which is a torus.

Use the Mayer-Vietoris sequence to compute the first homology group of X . [It turns out the answer does not depend on whether K is actually knotted or not!]
