

# Assignment #8 Due 4-12-05

$F_n F = GF(2^5) = \mathbb{Z}_2[x]/x^5 + x^2 + 1$   
 $\alpha = x$

Find generator polynomial  $g$ , check polynomial  $f$  and generator matrix for BCH(5,3)

1. Compute  $m_{\alpha}(x)$ ,  $m_{\alpha^3}(x)$ ,  $m_{\alpha^5}(x)$

$\checkmark \alpha^5$	$\alpha^4$	$\alpha^3$	$\checkmark \alpha^2$	$\alpha$	$\checkmark 1$	$\alpha^5 + \alpha^2 + 1 = 0$
0	$x^4$	0	0	0	0	$m_{\alpha}(x) = x^5 + x^2 + 1$
0	0	$x^3$	0	0	0	
$x^2$	0	0	$x^2$	0	0	
0	0	0	0	$x$	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	

$\checkmark (\alpha^3)^5$	$\checkmark (\alpha^3)^4$	$\checkmark (\alpha^3)^3$	$\checkmark (\alpha^3)^2$	$(\alpha^3)^1$	$\checkmark 1$	$(\alpha^3)^5 + (\alpha^3)^4 + (\alpha^3)^3 + (\alpha^2)^2 + 1 = 0$
$x^4$	0	$x^4$	0	0	0	$m_{\alpha^3}(x) =$
$x^3$	$x^3$	$x^3$	$x^3$	$x^3$	0	$x^5 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + 1$
$x^2$	$x^2$	0	0	0	0	
$x$	$x$	$x$	$x$	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	

$\checkmark (\alpha^5)^5$	$\checkmark (\alpha^5)^4$	$\checkmark (\alpha^5)^3$	$\checkmark (\alpha^5)^2$	$\checkmark (\alpha^5)^1$	$\checkmark 1$	$(\alpha^5)^5 + (\alpha^5)^4 + (\alpha^5)^3 + (\alpha^5)^2 + (\alpha^5)^1 + 1 = 0$
$x^4$	0	$x^4$	$x^4$	0	0	$m_{\alpha^5}(x) =$
$x^3$	$x^3$	$x^3$	0	0	0	$x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1$
0	$x^2$	$x^2$	0	$x^2$	0	
0	0	$x$	0	0	0	
1	0	1	1	1	1	

To check  $m_{\alpha^i}(x)$  inclusion, need to see: 0 not a root (not divisible by  $x$ ), 1 not a root (not divisible by  $x+1$ ), not divisible by  $x^2+x+1$ . For 3<sup>rd</sup> check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^5 + x^2 + 1 &= (x^3 + x^2)(x^2 + x + 1) + 1 \\
 x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x^2 + 1 &= (x^4 + 1)(x^2 + x + 1) + x \\
 x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1 &= (x^3 + x)(x^2 + x + 1) + 1
 \end{aligned}$$

2.  $g =$  common multiple of distinct  $m_{\alpha^i}$   $i=1, 3, 5$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g &= (x^5 + x^2 + 1)(x^5 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + 1)(x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1) \\
 &= x^{15} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^7 + x^6 + x^5 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1
 \end{aligned}$$

3.  $f =$  result of dividing  $x^{31} - 1$  by  $g$   
~~divide divide by~~  
 $= x^{16} + x^{14} + x^4 + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^4 + x + 1$

(see next page)

4. Rank =  $(n-1) - (\deg g) = 31 - 15 = 16$

$G$  is  $31 \times 16$  matrix with columns

$$x^{15}g \quad x^{14}g \quad \dots \quad x^2g \quad xg \quad g$$

(see last page)

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The other irreducible polynomials of degree 5 are

$$x^5 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$$

$$x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1$$

$$x^5 + x^3 + 1$$

Since these are also factors of  $x^{31} - 1$ , and so is

$$x + 1, \quad f = (x^5 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1)(x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1) \\ \cdot (x^5 + x^3 + 1)(x + 1)$$

$$= x^{16} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^4 + x + 1$$

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