

Solution to Homework 5

Section 3.3 :

$$(5) \quad y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0 \quad : \quad \lambda^2 + 6\lambda + 9 = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda + 3)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = -3, -3$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y(x) = (C_1 + C_2 x) e^{-3x}}$$

$$(18) \quad y^{(4)} = 16y \quad : \quad \lambda^4 = 16 \Rightarrow \lambda^4 - 16 = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda^2 - 4)(\lambda^2 + 4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda + 2)(\lambda - 2)(\lambda^2 + 4) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = \pm 2, \pm 2i$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-2x} + C_3 \cos(2x) + C_4 \sin(2x)}$$

$$(26) \quad y^{(3)} + 10y'' + 25y' = 0; \quad y(0) = 3, \quad y'(0) = 4, \quad y''(0) = 5$$

$$\lambda^3 + 10\lambda^2 + 25\lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda(\lambda + 5)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = 0, -5, -5$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = C_1 + (C_2 + C_3 x) e^{-5x}, \quad y'(x) = C_3 e^{-5x} - 5(C_2 + C_3 x) e^{-5x}$$

$$y''(x) = -10C_3 e^{-5x} + 25(C_2 + C_3 x) e^{-5x}$$

$$3 = y(0) = C_1 + C_2, \quad 4 = y'(0) = C_3 - 5C_2, \quad 5 = y''(0) = -10C_3 + 25C_2$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{24}{5}, \quad C_2 = -\frac{9}{5}, \quad C_3 = -5 \Rightarrow \boxed{y(x) = \frac{24}{5} + \left(-\frac{9}{5} - 5x\right) e^{-5x}}$$

$$(40) \quad y(x) = Ae^{2x} + B\cos(2x) + C\sin(2x) \quad : \quad \lambda = 2, \pm 2i$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{char eq}^n : (\lambda - 2)(\lambda^2 + 4) = \lambda^3 - 2\lambda^2 + 4\lambda - 8 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y^{(3)} - 2y'' + 4y' - 8y = 0}$$

$$(42) \quad y(x) = (A + Bx + Cx^2) \cos(2x) + (D + Ex + Fx^2) \sin(2x) \quad : \quad \lambda = \pm 2i, \pm 2i, \pm 2i$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{char eq}^n : (\lambda^2 + 4)^3 = \lambda^6 + 12\lambda^4 + 48\lambda^2 + 64 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y^{(6)} + 12y^{(4)} + 48y'' + 64y = 0}$$

Section 3.5 :

$$(6) \quad 2y'' + 4y' + 7y = x^2 \quad : \quad y_p = A + Bx + Cx^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 7A + 4B + 4C = 0, \quad 7B + 8C = 0, \quad 7C = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{y_p = \frac{4}{343} - \frac{8}{49}x + \frac{1}{7}x^2}$$

$$(17) \quad y'' + y = \sin x + x \cos x$$

We have $y_c = c_1 \cos x + c_2 \sin x$

First guess $y_p = (A + Bx) \cos x + (C + Dx) \sin x$

duplication \Rightarrow Take $y_p = x(A + Bx) \cos x + x(C + Dx) \sin x$

$$\Rightarrow 2B + 2C = 0, \quad 4D = 1, \quad -2A + 2D = 1, \quad -4B = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y_p = \frac{x^2}{4} \sin x - \frac{x}{4} \cos x}$$

$$(20) \quad y^{(3)} - y = e^x + 7 \quad \text{We have } y_c = (c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 x^2) e^x$$

First guess $y_p = A e^x + B$ duplication \Rightarrow Take $y_p = x A e^x + B$

$$\Rightarrow -B = 7, \quad 3A = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{y_p = \frac{1}{3} x e^x - 7}$$

$$(24) \quad y^{(3)} - y'' - 12y' = x - 2x e^{-3x}$$

$$y_c: \lambda^3 - \lambda^2 - 12\lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda(\lambda - 4)(\lambda + 3) = 0 \Rightarrow y_c = c_1 + c_2 e^{4x} + c_3 e^{-3x}$$

First guess $y_p = (A + Bx) + (C + Dx) e^{-3x}$

Duplication $\Rightarrow \boxed{y_p = x(A + Bx) + x(C + Dx) e^{-3x}}$

$$(28) \quad y^{(4)} + 9y'' = (x^2 + 1) \sin(3x) \quad y_c: \lambda^4 + 9\lambda^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2(\lambda^2 + 9) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y_c = (c_1 + c_2 x) + (c_3 \cos(3x) + c_4 \sin(3x)) \quad \text{First guess:}$$

$$y_p = (A + Bx + Cx^2) \cos(3x) + (Dx + Ex + Fx^2) \sin(3x)$$

Duplication \Rightarrow $y_p = x(A + Bx + Cx^2) \cos(3x) + x(D + Fx + Ex^2) \sin(3x)$

(34) $y'' + y = \cos x$; $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = -1$

$y_c: \lambda^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow y_c(x) = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x$

First guess: $y_p = A \cos x + B \sin x$ duplication \Rightarrow Take $y_p = Ax \cos x + Bx \sin x$

Substitute y_p in DE to get $y_p = \frac{1}{2} x \sin x$

\Rightarrow General solⁿ $y(x) = y_c + y_p = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{2} x \sin x$

$y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1 \Rightarrow C_1 = 1, C_2 = -1$

\Rightarrow $y(x) = \cos x - \sin x + \frac{1}{2} x \sin x$

(39) $y^{(3)} + y'' = x + e^{-x}$; $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$, $y''(0) = 1$

$y_c: \lambda^3 + \lambda^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2(\lambda + 1) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = 0, 0, -1$

$\Rightarrow y_c = C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 e^{-x}$

First guess $y_p: (A + Bx) + C e^{-x}$ Duplication $\Rightarrow y_p = x^2(A + Bx) + x C e^{-x}$

Substitute y_p in D.E. to get $y_p = -\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + x e^{-x}$

\Rightarrow General solⁿ $y(x) = C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 e^{-x} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + x e^{-x}$

Initial conditions $\Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 = 1, C_2 - C_3 = 0, C_3 - 3 = 1$

\Rightarrow $y(x) = -3 + 3x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + 4e^{-x} + x e^{-x}$

$$\textcircled{40} \quad y^{(4)} - y = 5 \quad ; \quad y(0) = y'(0) = y''(0) = y'''(0) = 0$$

$$y_c: \quad r^4 - 1 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad r = \pm 1, \pm i \quad \Rightarrow \quad y_c = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 \cos x + c_4 \sin x$$

$y_p = A$ no duplication; substitute y_p in D.E. to

$$\text{get } y_p = -5 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{General sol}^n \quad y(x) = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 \cos x + c_4 \sin x - 5$$

Initial conditions \Rightarrow

$$c_1 + c_2 + c_3 - 5 = 0, \quad -c_2 + c_4 = 0,$$

$$c_1 + c_2 - c_3 = 0, \quad -c_2 + c_4 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad c_1 = c_2 = \frac{5}{4}, \quad c_3 = \frac{5}{2}, \quad c_4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad y(x) = \frac{5}{4} e^x + \frac{5}{4} e^{-x} + \frac{5}{2} \cos x - 5$$