## Math 6833 homework problems

8. For the annulus $A$, show that $\mathcal{H}(A) \cong C_{2} \times C_{2}$. (Ingredients: the homomorphism $\mathcal{H}(A) \rightarrow \operatorname{Out}\left(\pi_{1}(A)\right)$, the homomorphism $\mathcal{H}(A) \rightarrow C_{2}$ defined by the way a homeomorphism permutes the components of $\partial A$, and the fact that every element of $\mathcal{H}(A$ rel $\partial A)$ can be represented by one of the $h_{n}$.)
9. Let $j: S^{1} \rightarrow S^{1} \times S^{1}$ be an imbedding. Let $C=S^{1} \times\{1\} \subset S^{1} \times S^{1}$, and suppose that $j$ is homotopic to an imbedding that carries $S^{1}$ to $C$.
10. An imbedding of a manifold $X$ into a manifold $Y$ is called proper if the preimage of $\partial Y$ equals $\partial X$. Suppose that $\beta$ is a properly-imbedded arc in $S^{1} \times I$, whose endpoints lie in $S^{1} \times\{0\}$, so that $\beta$ cuts $S^{1} \times\{0\}$ into two arcs, $\beta_{1}$ and $\beta_{2}$. Prove that for either $i=1$ or $i=2, \beta$ and $\beta_{i}$ bound a disk in $S^{1} \times I$. Note: if $S_{\beta}$ is the result of cutting a surface $S$ along a properly-imbedded arc $\beta$, then $\chi\left(S_{\beta}\right)=\chi(S)+1$ (why?).
11. Suppose that $\alpha: S^{1} \rightarrow S^{1} \times I$ is an imbedding whose image is disjoint from $S^{1} \times \partial I$. Show that $\alpha\left(S^{1}\right)$ is either contractible, or is parallel to both $S^{1} \times\{0\}$ and $S^{1} \times\{1\}$.
12. Let $p: S^{1} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow S^{1} \times S^{1}$ be $p(x, r)=(x, r)$, where each $S_{\sim}^{1}$ is regarded as $\mathbb{R} / \mathbb{Z}$. Explain why there is a lift $\widetilde{j}: S^{1} \rightarrow S^{1} \times \mathbb{R}$ such that $j=p \widetilde{j}$.
13. Using an argument similar to the one used in the proof that $\mathcal{H}(A \operatorname{rel} \partial A) \cong \mathbb{Z}$, show that $j$ is isotopic to an imbedding that carries $S^{1}$ to $C$.
14. Check that if $j_{0}: S^{1} \times I \rightarrow S$ and $j_{1}: S^{1} \times I \rightarrow S$ are isotopic imbeddings, then the Dehn twists $T_{0}$ and $T_{1}$ that they define are isotopic. You may assume a version of the Isotopy Extension Theorem that tells you that if $j_{t}$ is an isotopy of imbeddings from $j_{0}$ to $j_{1}$, then there is an isotopy of diffeomorphisms $J_{t}: S \rightarrow S$ such that $J_{0}$ is the identity map and $J_{t} \circ j_{0}=j_{t}$ for all $t$. Then define $T_{t}$ using $J_{t}$ and $T_{0}$.
15. Let $C$ be a contractible loop in $S$. Prove that $t_{C}$ is isotopic to the identity. Hint: $C$ bounds a disk. We may use any imbedding of $S^{1} \times I$ to define $t_{C}$, choose a nice one.
16. Let $f: S \rightarrow S$ be an orientation-reversing diffeomorphism, and let $C$ be a loop in $S$. Draw convincing pictures showing that $f t_{C} f^{-1}=t_{f(C)}^{-1}$.
17. For each $k=0,1,2,3$, find a pair of 4 -simplices of $C(F(3,0))$ whose intersection is a $k$-simplex.
