Summary of Haskell classes

For more detail see section 6 of the Haskell 98 Language and Libraries Revised Report.

1. Input-output

Show

- has show function that converts value to string

Read

- has read function that converts string to value

2. equality and order

Eq

– has concept of equality

- has = and /= functions

Ord

– extends Eq

– has concept of order

- has <, <=, >, >= and compare functions

3. numerical classes

Num (for "numeric")

- extends Eq, Show
- includes the types Int, Integer, Float, Double
- has concept of arithmetic operations
- has +, -, *, abs, and fromInteger functions

Integral

- includes the types Int, Integer
- has concept of remainder
- has quot, rem, div, mod and toInteger functions

Fractional

- extends Num
- includes the types Float, Double
- has concept of division
- has /, recip, and fromRational functions

Floating

- extends Fractional
- includes the types Float, Double
- has trig functions, exponentials and logarithms, etc.
- has exp, log, sqrt, sin, cos, ..., asin, ..., sinh, ..., asinh, ...

4. classes from category theory

Monad

- includes the types IO, Maybe
- a very general kind of type that includes many common design patterns of Haskell

MonadPlus

- includes the types IO, Maybe
- has a bit of additional structure beyond the basic Monad class

Functor

- has concept of map
- includes types [a], Maybe, trees and other data structures
- has a function fmap :: Functor a => (b -> c) -> a b -> a c
- fmap should satisfy fmap(f.g) = fmap f. fmap g
- 5. miscellaneous

Enum (for "enumeration")

- includes many common types
- has concepts of predecessor and successor
- has pred and succ functions

Bounded

- includes many common types
- has concepts of predecessor and successor
- has maxBound and minBound functions

```
> maxBound :: Int
```

```
2147483647
```

> minBound :: Int

```
-2147483648
```

> maxBound :: Integer

ERROR - Cannot infer instance

*** Instance : Bounded Integer

*** Expression : maxBound