Math 2423 homework

- 29. (4/19) Suppose that f(x) is a function whose third derivative $f^{(3)}(x)$ exists and is continuous. Define $E_2(h)$ by the formula $f(a+h) = f(a) + f'(a)h + \frac{1}{2!}f''(a)h^2 + E_2(h)$.
 - 1. Use integration by parts to calculate that $E_2(h) = \int_0^h \frac{1}{2!} (h-t)^2 f^{(3)}(a+t) dt$.
 - 2. Let *m* be the minimum and *M* the maximum of $f^{(3)}$ on the interval [a, a + h]. Show that $\frac{1}{3!}h^3 m \leq E_2(h) \leq \frac{1}{3!}h^3 M$.
 - 3. Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that there exists c in [a, a + h] so that $E_2(h) = \frac{1}{3!} f^{(3)}(c) h^3$.
- 30. (4/19) 8.2 # 6, 7, 11, 13, 19, 20, 29, 36, 41, 42, 43, 46, 60, 61
- 31. (4/19) 8.3 # 5, 7, 10, 18, 23, 26, 29, 32, 33
- 32. 8.4 # 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 17, 23, 25, 34, 37
- 33. 8.6 # 5-7, 13, 15, 19, 27, 28, 31, 32
- 34. 8.7 # 21(c) (S_n only)
- 35. 8.8 # 5, 7, 11, 15, 20, 21, 27, 32, 35, 55, 57, 61
- 36. 9.1 # 5, 7, 10-13
- 37. 9.2 # 5, 8, 9, 15, 16, 25