

Name: _____

key

1. Use the method of undetermined coefficients to find the general solution of $y'' - 3y' = 4x$.

[9] The characteristic equation is $r^2 - 3r = 0$, or $(r-3)r = 0$, ⁽¹⁾
 with roots $r=0$ and $r=3$, so the associated homogeneous ⁽¹⁾
 equation has general solution $y_c = C_1 e^{0x} + C_2 e^{3x} = C_1 + C_2 e^{3x}$.

For y_p we should try $y_p = x(Ax+B) = Ax^2 + Bx$. ⁽²⁾

Then $y_p' = 2Ax + B$ and $y_p'' = 2A$, so $y_p'' - 3y_p' = 4x \Rightarrow$

$$2A - 3(2Ax + B) = 4x \Rightarrow -6Ax + (2A - 3B) = 4x \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} -6A = 4 \\ (2A - 3B) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = -\frac{2}{3} \text{ and } B = \frac{2A}{3} = -\frac{4}{9}. \text{ So } y_p = -\frac{2x^2}{3} - \frac{4x}{9}.$$

$$\text{and } y = y_c + y_p = C_1 + C_2 e^{3x} - \frac{2x^2}{3} - \frac{4x}{9}$$

[5] 2. Find $\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{3s+2}{s^2+49} \right\}$.

If

$$3 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+7^2} \right\} + \frac{2}{7} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{7}{s^2+7^2} \right\} = 3 \cos(7t) + \frac{2}{7} \sin(7t)$$

[6] 3. If $x'' + 3x' + 2x = 1$, $x(0) = 4$, and $x'(0) = 5$, find the Laplace transform $X(s)$ of $x(t)$.
 (You do not need to find $x(t)$ itself.)

$$\textcircled{1} [s^2 X(s) - s \cdot x(0) - x'(0)] + 3[s X(s) - x(0)] + 2X(s) = \frac{1}{s},$$

$$\text{so } (s^2 + 3s + 2) X(s) - 4s - 5 - 3 \cdot 4 = \frac{1}{s},$$

$$\text{and } (s^2 + 3s + 2) X(s) = \frac{1}{s} + 4s + 17,$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2+3s+2)} + \frac{4s}{(s^2+3s+2)} + \frac{17}{(s^2+3s+2)}$$