

Putnam Seminar — Week 3

**13. (B2, 2006)** Prove that, for every set  $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$  of  $n$  real numbers, there exists a non-empty subset  $S$  of  $X$  and an integer  $m$  such that

$$\left| m + \sum_{s \in S} s \right| < \frac{1}{n+1}.$$

**14. (A5, 1997)** Let  $N_n$  denote the number of ordered  $n$ -tuples of positive integers  $(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$  such that  $1/a_1 + 1/a_2 + \dots + 1/a_n = 1$ . Determine whether  $N_{10}$  is even or odd.

**15. (B1, 1988)** A *composite* (positive integer) is a product  $ab$  with  $a$  and  $b$  not necessarily distinct integers in  $\{2, 3, 4, \dots\}$ . Show that every composite is expressible as  $xy + xz + yz + 1$ , with  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$  positive integers.

**16. (B1, 1973)** Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{2n+1}$  be a list of  $2n+1$  integers (not necessarily distinct) such that, if any one of them is removed, the remaining ones can be divided into two lists of  $n$  integers with equal sums. Prove that  $a_1 = a_2 = \dots = a_{2n+1}$ .