## MATH 2924 – Additional problem assigned on 11/11/15

Additional problem 2. (Additional Problem 1 was assigned on 11/09/15.)

(a) Prove by induction the identity

$$\prod_{j=1}^{n} \cos \frac{x}{2^{j}} = \frac{1}{2^{n}} \frac{\sin x}{\sin \frac{x}{2^{n}}} ,$$

where  $x \neq 2^r m \pi$ , for any integers r and m (simply to avoid the case where the sine in the denominator becomes zero for some n).

(b) Use the identity proved in part (a) to find the infinite product

$$\prod_{j=1}^{\infty} \cos \frac{x}{2^j} \ .$$

(c) Use the trigonometric identity for cosine of half angle (or, equivalently, for cosine of double angle), to prove by induction that

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{2^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + \dots + \sqrt{2}}}}_{n \text{ square roots}}.$$

(d) Prove the famous formula of François Viète (published in 1593)

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}} \cdot \cdots ,$$

which can be used to compute the value of  $\pi$  with any desired accuracy!!! The rate of convergence of Viète's formula is not very high, but one can apply tricks to accelerate the convergence – see, e.g., the paper by Rick Kreminski " $\pi$  to thousands of digits from Vieta's formula" *Mathematics Magazine*, Vol. 81, no. 3 (2008), pp. 201–207.