

**Problem 1.** Give direct proofs of the following identities:

(a)  $(z_1 z_2)^* = z_1^* z_2^*$ ;

(b)  $\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^* = \frac{1}{z^*}$ ;

(c)  $|z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|$ .

**Problem 2.** In the complex plane, describe in words and sketch the domain  $D$  given by the inequalities

$$1 < |z + i| \leq 3 .$$

Denote the boundaries that do not belong to  $D$  with dashed lines, and the boundaries that belong to  $D$  with solid lines.

**Problem 3.** Evaluate  $\operatorname{Re} \frac{5+i}{2-i}$ .

**Problem 4.** Express the following function  $w(z) = \frac{z^*}{z}$  in the form  $w(z) = u(x, y) + i v(x, y)$  (where  $u$  and  $v$  are real-valued functions of two real variables).

**Problem 5.** Determine the modulus and the principal argument of the complex numbers

(a)  $2 - 2i$ ;

(b)  $-i$ ;

(c)  $-3 + \sqrt{3}i$ .

*Hint:* Drawing pictures in a problem like this is very helpful.

**Problem 6.** Express the following complex numbers in Cartesian coordinates (i.e., in the form  $z = x + iy$ ):

(a)  $e^{\ln 2 - (\pi/4)i}$ ;

(b)  $6 e^{2\pi i/3}$ .

**Problem 7.** Evaluate  $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{14}$ ; write your result in the form  $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{14} = x + iy$ .

*Hint:* First write  $\sqrt{3} + i$  in polar coordinates.

**Problem 8.** Find all 4th roots of  $i$ .

**Problem 9.** Starting with  $\int_0^\infty e^{-\beta^2 y^2} dy = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\beta}$ , let  $\beta = \frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}}$  (and notice that  $\beta^2 = -i$ ) to show that

$$\int_0^\infty \cos(x^2) dx = \int_0^\infty \sin(x^2) dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{8}}.$$

**Problem 10.** Directly from the definition of  $\sinh z$ , show that the Taylor expansion of  $\sinh z$  around 0 is

$$\sinh z = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}.$$