

Problem 1. Give direct proofs of the following identities:

(a) $(z_1 z_2)^* = z_1^* z_2^*$;

(b) $\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^* = \frac{1}{z^*}$;

(c) $|z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|$.

Problem 2. In the complex plane, describe in words and sketch the domain D given by the inequalities

$$1 < |z + i| \leq 3 .$$

Denote the boundaries that do not belong to D with dashed lines, and the boundaries that belong to D with solid lines.

Problem 3. Evaluate $\operatorname{Re} \frac{5 + i}{2 - i}$.

Problem 4. Express the following function $w(z) = \frac{z^*}{z}$ in the form $w(z) = u(x, y) + i v(x, y)$ (where u and v are real-valued functions of two real variables).

Problem 5. Determine the modulus and the principal argument of the complex numbers

(a) $2 - 2i$;

(b) $-i$;

(c) $-3 + \sqrt{3}i$.

Hint: Drawing pictures in a problem like this is very helpful.

Problem 6. Express the following complex numbers in Cartesian coordinates (i.e., in the form $z = x + iy$):

(a) $e^{\ln 2 - (\pi/4)i}$;

(b) $6e^{2\pi i/3}$.

Problem 7. Evaluate $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{14}$; write your result in the form $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{14} = x + iy$.

Hint: First write $\sqrt{3} + i$ in polar coordinates.

Problem 8. Find all 4th roots of i .

Problem 9. Starting with $\int_0^\infty e^{-\beta^2 y^2} dy = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\beta}$, let $\beta = \frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}}$ (and notice that $\beta^2 = -i$) to show that

$$\int_0^\infty \cos(x^2) dx = \int_0^\infty \sin(x^2) dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{8}} .$$

Problem 10. Directly from the definition of $\sinh z$, show that the Taylor expansion of $\sinh z$ around 0 is

$$\sinh z = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} .$$