

# Rabbits vs sheep

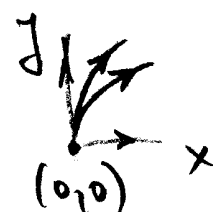
$x(t)$  = population of rabbits  
 $y(t)$  = population of sheep

$$\begin{cases} x' = x(3-x-2y) \\ y' = y(2-x-y) \end{cases} \quad \underline{x}' = \underline{f}(x)$$


Fixed points:  $(0,0)$ ,  $(0,2)$ ,  $(3,0)$ ,  $(1,1)$ .

Jacobian matrix:  $D\underline{f}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 3-2x-2y & -2x \\ -y & 2-x-2y \end{pmatrix}$


•  $(0,0)$ :  $D\underline{f}(0,0) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\lambda_1 = 3$ ,  $\underline{v}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $\lambda_2 = 2$ ,  $\underline{v}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$   
unstable node



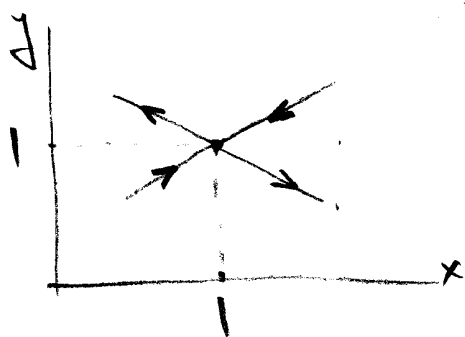
•  $(0,2)$ :  $D\underline{f}(0,2) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\lambda_1 = -1$ ,  $\underline{v}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $\lambda_2 = -2$ ,  $\underline{v}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$   
stable node



•  $(3,0)$ :  $D\underline{f}(3,0) = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -6 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\lambda_1 = -3$ ,  $\underline{v}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $\lambda_2 = -1$ ,  $\underline{v}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$   
stable node



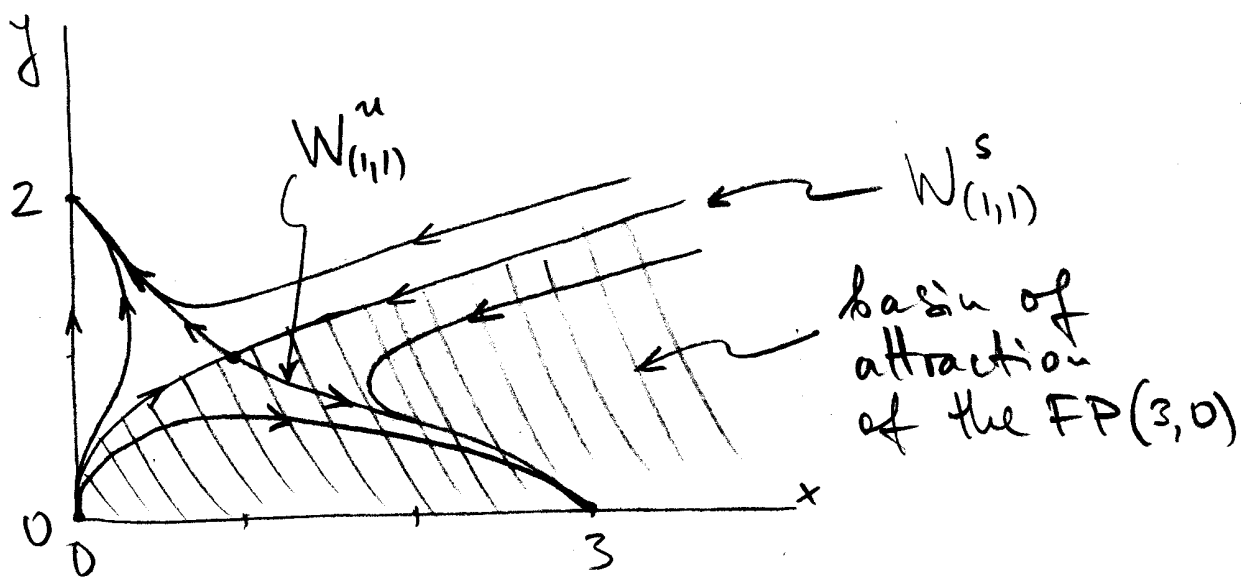
•  $(1,1)$ :  $D_{\underline{f}}(1,1) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\lambda_{1,2} = -1 \pm \sqrt{2}$



$$\underline{v}^{(1,2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\lambda_2 < 0 < \lambda_1$   
saddle

Putting everything together:



Stable and unstable manifolds of the hyperbolic FP  $(1,1)$ :

$$W_{(1,1)}^s := \{ \underline{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \varphi_t(\underline{x}) = (1,1) \},$$

$$W_{(1,1)}^u := \{ \underline{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} \varphi_t(\underline{x}) = (1,1) \}$$